

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation  
PEANUT CROP PROVISIONS



1. **Definitions.**

**Base contract price** - The price for farmers' stock peanuts stipulated in the sheller contract, without regard to discounts or incentives that may apply, not to exceed the price election times the price factor specified in the Special Provisions.

**Farmers' stock peanuts** - Picked or threshed peanuts produced in the United States, which are not shelled, crushed, cleaned, or otherwise changed (except for removal of foreign material, loose shelled kernels and excess moisture) from the condition in which peanuts are customarily marketed by producers.

**Green peanuts** - Peanuts that are harvested and marketed prior to maturity without drying or removal of moisture either by natural or artificial means.

**Handler** - A person who is a sheller, a buying point, a marketing association, or has a contract with a sheller or a marketing association to accept all of the peanuts marketed through the marketing association for the crop year. The handler acquires peanuts for resale, domestic consumption, processing, exportation, or crushing through a business involved in buying and selling peanuts or peanut products.

**Harvest** - The completion of digging and threshing and removal of peanuts from the field.

**Marketing association** - A cooperative approved by the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture to administer payment programs for peanuts.

**Planted acreage** - In addition to the requirement in the definition in the Basic Provisions, peanuts must initially be planted in a row pattern which permits mechanical cultivation, or that allows the peanuts to be cared for in a manner recognized by agricultural experts as a good farming practice. Acreage planted in any other manner will not be insurable unless otherwise provided by the Special Provisions or by written agreement.

**Price election** - In addition to the definition in the Basic Provisions, the price election for peanuts insured in accordance with a sheller contract will be the base contract price specified in the sheller contract.

**Price factor** - The factor specified in the Special Provisions that places limits on the base contract price.

**Sheller** - Any business enterprise regularly engaged in processing peanuts for human consumption; that possesses all licenses and permits for processing peanuts required by the state in which it operates; and that possesses facilities, or has contractual access to such facilities, with enough equipment to accept and process contracted peanuts within a reasonable amount of time after harvest.

**Sheller contract** - A written agreement between the producer and a sheller, or the producer and a handler, containing at a minimum:

- (a) The producer's commitment to plant and grow peanuts, and to deliver the peanut production to the sheller or handler;
- (b) The sheller's or handler's commitment to purchase all the production stated in the sheller contract (an option to purchase is not a commitment); and
- (c) A base contract price.

If the agreement fails to contain any of these terms, it will not be considered a sheller contract.

2. **Unit Division.**

In accordance with the Basic Provisions, basic and optional units are applicable, unless limited by the Special Provisions.

3. **Insurance Guarantees, Coverage Levels, and Prices for Determining Indemnities.**

In addition to the requirements of section 3 of the Basic Provisions:

- (a) The price election percentage you choose for peanuts which are not insured in accordance with a sheller contract (may also include peanuts in excess of the amount required to fulfill your sheller contract) and for peanuts insured in accordance with a sheller contract must have the same percentage relationship to the maximum price election offered by us for peanuts not insured in accordance with a sheller contract. For example, if you choose 100 percent of the maximum price election for peanuts not insured in accordance with a sheller contract, you must also choose 100 percent of the applicable price election for peanuts insured in accordance with a sheller contract.
- (b) You may not insure more pounds of peanuts than your production guarantee (per acre) multiplied by the number of acres that will be planted to peanuts. For the purposes of determining the guarantee, premiums, indemnities, replant payments, and prevented planting payments:
  - (1) Where all production of peanuts is grown under one or more sheller contracts, you may elect a price election to cover all insurable peanuts that is the base contract price contained in such sheller contracts or the price contained in the Special Provisions.
  - (2) Where some peanuts are grown under one or more sheller contracts but some peanuts are not grown under a sheller contract, you may elect:
    - (i) The price election contained in the Special Provisions to cover all insurable peanuts; or
    - (ii) The price election using the base contract price for peanuts grown under a sheller contract and the price contained

in the Special Provisions for peanuts not grown under a sheller contract.

(3) Where none of the peanuts are grown under a sheller contract, the price election will be the price contained in the Special Provisions.

(c) Any peanuts excluded from the sheller contract at any time during the crop year will be insured at the price election specified in the Special Provisions.

#### 4. Contract Changes.

In accordance with section 4 of the Basic Provisions, the contract change date is November 30 preceding the cancellation date.

#### 5. Cancellation and Termination Dates.

In accordance with section 2 of the Basic Provisions, the cancellation and termination dates are:

<u>State and County</u>	<u>Dates</u>
Jackson, Victoria, Golliad, Bee, Live Oak, McMullen, La Salle, and Dimmit Counties, Texas and all Texas counties lying south, thereof.	January 15

El Paso, Hudspeth, Culberson, Reeves, Loving, Winkler, Ector, Upton, Reagan, Sterling, Coke, Tom Green, Concho, McCulloch, San Saba, Mills, Hamilton, Bosque, Johnson, Tarrant, Wise, Cooke Counties, Texas, and all Texas counties south and east thereof; and all other states, except New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Virginia.	February 28
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New Mexico; Oklahoma; Virginia; and all other Texas counties.	March 15
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#### 6. Report of Acreage.

In addition to the requirements of section 6 of the Basic Provisions, you must provide a copy of all sheller contracts to us on or before the acreage reporting date if you wish to insure your peanuts in accordance with your sheller contract.

#### 7. [Reserved]

#### 8. Insured Crop.

(a) In accordance with section 8 of the Basic Provisions, the crop insured will be all the peanuts in the county for which a premium rate is provided by the actuarial documents:

- (1) In which you have a share;
- (2) That are planted for the purpose of marketing as farmers' stock peanuts;
- (3) That are a type of peanut designated in the Special Provisions as being insurable;
- (4) That are not (unless allowed by the Special Provisions or by written agreement):
  - (i) Planted for the purpose of harvesting as green peanuts;
  - (ii) Interplanted with another crop; or
  - (iii) Planted into an established grass or legume; and

(5) Whether or not the peanuts are grown in accordance with a sheller contract (if not grown in accordance with the sheller contract, the peanuts will be valued at the price election issued by FCIC for the purposes of

determining the production guarantee, premium, and indemnity).

(b) You will be considered to have a share in the insured crop if, under the sheller contract, you retain control of the acreage on which the peanuts are grown, you are at risk of a production loss, and the sheller contract provides for delivery of the peanuts to the sheller or handler and for a stipulated base contract price.

(c) A peanut producer who is also a sheller or handler may establish an insurable interest if the following requirements are met:

- (1) The producer must comply with these Crop Provisions;
- (2) Prior to the sales closing date, the Board of Directors or officers of the sheller or handler must execute and adopt a resolution that contains the same terms as a sheller contract. Such resolution will be considered a sheller contract under this policy; and
- (3) Our inspection reveals that the processing facilities comply with the definition of a sheller contained in these Crop Provisions.

#### 9. Insurable Acreage.

In addition to the provisions of section 9 of the Basic Provisions:

- (a) Any acreage of the insured crop damaged before the final planting date, to the extent that the majority of producers in the area would normally not further care for the crop, must be replanted unless we agree that replanting is not practical.
- (b) We will not insure any acreage:
  - (1) On which peanuts are grown using no-till or minimum tillage farming methods unless allowed by the Special Provisions or written agreement; or
  - (2) Which does not meet the rotation requirements, if any, contained in the Special Provisions.

#### 10. Insurance Period.

In accordance with the provisions of section 11 of the Basic Provisions, the calendar date for the end of the insurance period is the date immediately following planting as follows:

- (a) November 30 in all states except New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas; and
- (b) December 31 in New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas.

#### 11. Causes of Loss.

In accordance with the provisions of section 12 of the Basic Provisions, insurance is provided only against the following causes of loss that occur during the insurance period:

- (a) Adverse weather conditions;
- (b) Fire;
- (c) Insects, but not damage due to insufficient or improper application of pest control measures;
- (d) Plant disease, but not damage due to insufficient or improper application of disease control measures;

- (e) Wildlife;
- (f) Earthquake;
- (g) Volcanic eruption; or
- (h) Failure of the irrigation water supply, if due to a cause of loss contained in section 11(a) through (g) that occurs during the insurance period.

## 12. Replanting Payments.

- (a) A replanting payment is allowed as follows:
  - (1) In lieu of provisions in section 13 of the Basic Provisions that limit the amount of a replant payment to the actual cost of replanting, the amount of any replanting payment will be determined in accordance with these Crop Provisions;
  - (2) Except as specified in section 12(a)(1), you must comply with all requirements regarding replanting payments contained in section 13 of the Basic Provisions; and
  - (3) The insured crop must be damaged by an insurable cause of loss to the extent that the remaining stand will not produce at least 90 percent of the production guarantee for the acreage and it is practical to replant.
- (b) The maximum amount of the replanting payment per acre will be the lesser of:
  - (1) 20.0 percent of the production guarantee, multiplied by your price election, multiplied by your share; or
  - (2) \$80.00 multiplied by your insured share.
- (c) If there are different base contract prices or you also have insurable peanuts not grown under a contract:
  - (1) If the sheller contracts are for different types of peanuts or one type of peanut is grown under a sheller contract and another is not, replanting payments will be valued using the price election elected by you for the planted acreage, as applicable (For an example, you have two sheller contracts and the base contract price is \$0.23 per pound for Runner type peanuts, then \$0.23 per pound will be used for the value of any replanted Runner type peanut acreage). If the base contract price is \$0.21 per pound for Spanish type peanuts, then \$0.21 per pound will be used for the value of any replanted Spanish type peanut acreage.
  - (2) If the sheller contracts are for the same type of peanuts but they have different base contract prices:
    - (i) If the peanuts under each sheller contract are insured in separate optional units, each respective price election from each sheller contract will apply to each respective unit; or
    - (ii) If all or some of peanuts under both sheller contracts are insured in the same unit, then the replanted acreage will be prorated to each contract based on the

number of acres needed to fulfill each contract (For example, if there are 20 acres in the unit and 10 were replanted, the production guarantee per acre for the unit is 2,000 pounds per acre, and the contract for \$0.23 was for 25,000 pounds and the contract for \$0.21 was for 15,000 pounds, then the acreage under the \$0.23 contract constitutes 62.5 percent of the acreage in the unit (25,000/40,000) and the other sheller contract 37.5 percent of the acreage (15,000/40,000). Of the 10 acres replanted, 6.25 acres (10 x .625) would be paid at the \$0.23 price election and 3.75 acres (10 x .375) would be paid at the \$0.21 price election).

- (3) If the peanuts are not grown under a contract, the replanting payments will be valued using the price election as specified in the Special Provisions. If the unit has peanuts grown under a sheller contract and peanuts not grown under a sheller contract, the replanted acreage must be prorated between the contract and non-contract acreage by determining the acreage grown under a contract and the remaining acreage in the unit (For example, if there are 20 acres in the unit and 10 were replanted, the production guarantee per acre for the unit is 2,000 pounds per acre, there is a sheller contract for \$0.23 for 25,000 pounds, the remaining peanuts are not grown under a sheller contract, and the price election in the Special Provisions is for \$0.20. The peanuts under the sheller contract constitute 62.5 percent (25,000/40,000) of the acreage in the unit and remaining peanuts constitute 37.5 percent (40,000-25,000/40,000) of the acreage. Of the 10 acres replanted, 6.25 acres (10 x .625) would be paid with the liability based on the \$0.23 price election and 3.75 acres (10 x .375) would be paid with the liability based on the \$0.20 price election).
- (d) When the crop is replanted using a practice that is uninsurable for an original planting, the liability on the unit will be reduced by the amount of the replanting payment. The premium amount will not be reduced.
- (e) Replanting payments will be calculated using your price election and production guarantee for the crop type that is replanted and insured. A revised acreage report will be required to reflect the replanted type, if applicable.

## 13. Duties in the Event of Damage or Loss.

Representative samples are required in accordance with section 14 of the Basic Provisions.

## 14. Settlement of Claim.

- (a) We will determine your loss on a unit basis. In the event you are unable to provide records of production that are acceptable to us for any:

- (1) Optional unit, we will combine all optional units for which acceptable records of production were not provided; or
  - (2) Basic unit, we will allocate any commingled production to such units in proportion to our liability for the harvested acreage for the unit.
- (b) In the event of loss or damage covered by this policy, we will settle your claim by:
- (1) Multiplying the number of insured acres by the respective production guarantee (per acre) for peanuts insured under a sheller contract or not insured under a sheller contract, as applicable;
  - (2) Multiplying each result of section 14(b)(1) by the applicable price election for peanuts insured at the base contract price or the price election specified in the Special Provisions, as applicable;
  - (3) Totaling the results of section 14(b)(2);
  - (4) Multiplying the production to count by the respective price election (If you have one or more sheller contracts, we will value your production to count by using your highest price election first and will continue in decreasing order to your lowest price election based on the amount of peanuts insured at each price election);
  - (5) Totaling the results of section 14(b)(4);
  - (6) Subtracting the result of section 14(b)(5) from the result of section 14(b)(3); and
  - (7) Multiplying the result in section 14(b)(6) by your share.

**Example # 1 (without a sheller contract):**

You have 100 percent share in 25 acres of Valencia peanuts in the unit, with a production guarantee (per acre) of 2,000 pounds, the price election specified in the Special Provisions is \$0.17 per pound, and your production to count is 43,000 pounds.

- (1) 25 acres x 2,000 pounds = 50,000 pound guarantee;
- (2) 50,000 pound guarantee x \$0.17 price election specified in the Special Provisions = \$8,500.00 guarantee;
- (3) 43,000 pounds of production to count x \$0.17 price election specified in the Special Provisions = \$7,310.00;
- (4) \$8,500.00 guarantee – \$7,310.00 = \$1,190.00; and
- (5) \$1,190.00 x 1.000 = \$1,190.00; Indemnity = \$1,190.00.

**Example # 2 (with a sheller contract):**

You have 100 percent share in 25 acres of Valencia peanuts in the unit, with a production guarantee (per acre) of 2,000 pounds. You have two sheller contracts, the first is for 25,000 pounds, price election (contract) is \$0.23 per pound, and the second is for 10,000 pounds, price election (contract) is \$0.21 per pound. The price election (non-contract) specified in the Special Provisions is \$0.17 per

pound, and your production to count is 43,000 pounds.

- (1) 25 acres x 2,000 pounds = 50,000 pound guarantee;
  - (2) 25,000 pounds contracted x \$0.23 price election (contract) = \$5,750.00; 10,000 pounds contracted x \$0.21 price election (contract) = \$2,100.00; 50,000 pound guarantee – 25,000 pounds contracted – 10,000 pounds contracted = 15,000 pounds not contracted; 15,000 pounds not contracted x \$0.17 price election (non-contract) specified in the Special Provisions = \$2,550.00;
  - (3) \$5,750.00 + \$2,100.00 + \$2,550.00 = \$10,400.00 guarantee;
  - (4) 43,000 pounds production to count: 25,000 pounds contracted x \$0.23 price election (contract) = \$5,750.00; 10,000 pounds contracted x \$0.21 price election (contract) = \$2,100.00; 43,000 pounds of production to count – 25,000 pounds contracted (at \$0.23 per pound) – 10,000 pounds contracted (at \$0.21 per pound) = 8,000 pounds; 8,000 pounds x \$0.17 price election (non-contract) specified in the Special Provisions = \$1,360.00;
  - (5) \$5,750.00 + \$2,100.00 + \$1,360.00 = \$9,210.00;
  - (6) \$10,400.00 guarantee – \$9,210.00 = \$1,190.00; and
  - (7) \$1,190.00 x 1.000 = \$1,190.00; Indemnity = \$1,190.00.
- (c) The total production to count (in pounds) from all insurable acreage on the unit will include all appraised and harvested production.
- (d) All appraised production will include:
- (1) Not less than the production guarantee for acreage:
    - (i) That is abandoned;
    - (ii) Put to another use without our consent;
    - (iii) Damaged solely by uninsured causes; or
    - (iv) For which you fail to provide production records that are acceptable to us.
  - (2) Production lost due to uninsured causes;
  - (3) Unharvested production (mature unharvested production may be adjusted for quality deficiencies and excess moisture in accordance with section 14(e));
  - (4) Potential production on insured acreage that you intend to put to another use or abandon, if you and we agree on the appraised amount of production. Upon such agreement, the insurance period for the acreage will end when you put the acreage to another use or abandon the crop. If agreement on the appraised amount of production is not reached:

- (i) If you do not elect to continue to care for the crop, we may give you consent to put the acreage to another use if you agree to leave intact, and provide sufficient care for, representative samples of the crop in locations acceptable to us (The amount of production to count for such acreage will be based on the harvested production or appraisals from the samples at the time harvest should have occurred. If you do not leave the required samples intact, or fail to provide sufficient care for the samples, our appraisal made prior to giving you consent to put the acreage to another use will be used to determine the amount of production to count); or
  - (ii) If you elect to continue to care for the crop, the amount of production to count for the acreage will be the harvested production, or our reappraisal if additional damage occurs and the crop is not harvested; and
- (5) All harvested production from the insurable acreage.
- (e) Mature peanuts may be adjusted for quality when production has been damaged by an insured cause of loss.
- (1) To enable us to determine the number of pounds, price per pound, and the quality of production for any peanuts that qualify for quality adjustment, we must be given the opportunity to have such peanuts inspected and graded before you dispose of them.
  - (2) If you dispose of any production without giving us the opportunity to have the peanuts inspected and graded, the gross weight of such production will be used in determining total production to count unless you submit a marketing record satisfactory to us which clearly shows the number of pounds, price per pound, and quality of such peanuts.
  - (3) Such production to count will be reduced if the price per pound received for damaged peanuts is less than 85 percent of the price election by:
    - (i) Dividing the price per pound for the damaged peanuts, as determined by us in accordance with section 14(e)(1), received for the insured type of peanuts by the applicable price election; and
    - (ii) Multiplying this result by the number of pounds of such production.

#### 15. Prevented Planting.

- (a) Your prevented planting coverage will be 50 percent of your production guarantee for timely planted acreage. If you have additional levels of coverage, as specified in 7 CFR part 400, subpart T, and pay an additional premium, you may increase your prevented planting coverage to a

level specified in the actuarial documents.

- (b) In addition to the provisions of section 17(i) of the Basic Provisions, if there are different base contract prices or you also have insurable peanuts not grown under a contract:
  - (1) If the sheller contracts are for different types of peanuts or one type of peanut is grown under a sheller contract and another is not, the liability will be determined using the price election elected by you for planted acreage, as applicable (For an example, you have two sheller contracts and the base contract price is \$0.23 per pound for Runner type peanuts, then \$0.23 per pound will be used for the value of any prevented planting Runner type peanut acreage. If the base contract price is \$0.21 per pound for Spanish type peanuts, then \$0.21 per pound will be used for the value of any prevented planting Spanish type peanut acreage.
  - (2) If the sheller contracts are for the same type of peanuts but they have different base contract prices:
    - (i) If the peanuts grown under each sheller contract are insured in separate optional units, the liability will be determined using each respective price election for the prevented planting acreage in each respective unit; or
    - (ii) If all or some of the peanuts grown under the sheller contracts are insured in the same unit, then the liability for each contract must be determined separately using the respective price election and the number of eligible prevented planting acres to which the liability applies and will be determined by prorating prevented planting acreage to each contract based on the number of acres needed to fulfill each contract (For example, if there are 20 acres in the unit and 10 were prevented from planting, the production guarantee per acre for the unit is 2,000 pounds per acre, and the contract for \$0.23 was for 25,000 pounds and the contract for \$0.21 was for 15,000 pounds, then the acreage under the \$0.23 contract constitutes 62.5 percent (25,000/40,000) of the acreage in the unit and the other contract 37.5 percent (15,000/40,000) of the acreage. Of the 10 acres prevented from planting, 6.25 acres (10 x .625) would be paid with the liability based on the \$0.23 price election and 3.75 acres (10 x .375) would be paid with the liability based on the \$0.21 price election).
  - (3) If the peanuts are not grown under a contract, the liability for such peanuts will be based on the price election as specified in the Special

Provisions. If the unit has peanuts grown under a sheller contract and peanuts not grown under a sheller contract, the eligible prevented planting acreage must be determined by determining the acreage grown under a contract and the remaining acreage in the unit (For example, if there are 20 acres in the unit and 10 were prevented from planting, the production guarantee per acre for the unit is 2,000 pounds per acre, there is a sheller contract for \$0.23 for 25,000 pounds, the remaining peanuts are not grown under a sheller contract, and the price election in the Special Provisions is for \$0.20. The peanuts under the sheller contract constitute 62.5 percent (25,000/40,000) of the acreage in the unit and remaining peanuts constitute 37.5 percent (40,000-25,000/40,000) of the acreage. Of the 10 acres prevented from planting, 6.25 acres (10 x .625) would be paid with the liability based on the \$0.23 price election and 3.75 acres (10 x .375) would be paid with the liability based on the \$0.20 price election).

## SUMMARY OF CHANGES FOR THE PEANUT CROP PROVISIONS

The following is a brief description of the changes to the Peanut Crop Provisions that will be effective for the 2007 crop year. Please refer to the crop provisions for complete information.

The policy is being revised to remove references to quota and non-quota peanuts due to the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 eliminating the peanut quota program by FSN as administrated by the Farm Service Agency (FSA) and to add provisions to allow insurance coverage in accordance with a sheller contract.

A copy of all peanut sheller contracts must be provided to the insurance provider on or before the acreage reporting date if the producer chooses to insure the peanuts in accordance with the sheller contract. The producer may not insure for more pounds of peanuts than the production guarantee (per acre) multiplied by the number of acres that will be planted to peanuts.

When a producer's peanuts are insured in accordance with a sheller contract, the producer's production to count will be valued using the producer's highest price election first and continuing in decreasing order to the lowest price election until the computation is complete.

Removed the paragraph immediately preceding section 1, which refers to the order of priority in the event of conflict. This same information is contained in the Basic Provisions. Therefore, it is duplicative and has been removed in the Crop Provisions.

Definitions of "approved yield", "average price per pound," average support price per pound", "CCC," "county," "effective poundage marketing quota," "inspection certificate and sales memorandum," "non-quota peanuts," "production guarantee (per acre)", "quota peanuts", segregation I, II, or III," and "value per pound" have been removed.

Definitions of "base contract price", "handler", "harvest" "marketing association", price election," "price factor", sheller" and "sheller contract" have been added.

Revised section 2 to allow basic and optional units, unless limited by the Special Provisions.

Revised section 3 to specify peanuts which are not insured in accordance with a sheller contract and peanuts insured in accordance with a sheller contract must have the same percentage relationship to the maximum price election offered by the insurance provider for peanuts not insured in accordance with a sheller contract. The producer may not insure for more pounds of peanuts than the production guarantee (per acre) multiplied by the number of acres that will be planted to peanuts. For the purposes of detemining, the guarantee, premiums, indemnities, replant payments, and prevented planting payments where all production of peanuts is grown under one or more sheller contracts, the producer may elect a price election to cover all insurable peanuts that is the base contract price contained in such sheller contracts or the price contained in the Special Provisions. Where some peanuts are grown under one or more sheller contracts but some peanuts are not grown under a sheller contract the producer may elect the price election contained in the Special Provisions to cover all insurable peanuts or the price election using the base contact price for peanuts grown under a sheller contract and the price contained in the Special Provisions for peanuts not grown under a sheller contract. Where none of the peanuts are grown under a sheller contract, the price election will be the price contained in the Special Provisions. Any peanuts excluded from the sheller contract at any time during the crop year will be insured at the price election specified in the Special Provisions.

Revised section 6 to stipulate the producer must provide a copy of all sheller contracts to the insurance provider on or before the acreage reporting date if the peanuts will be insured in accordance with a sheller contract.

Removed and reserved section 7.

Revised section 8 to specify the crop insured will be all the peanuts in the county for which a premium rate is provided by the actuarial documents whether or not peanuts are grown in accordance with a sheller contract (if not grown in accordance with the sheller contract, the peanuts will be valued at the price election issued by FCIC for the purposes of determining the production guarantee, premium, and indemnity). The producer will be considered to have a share in the insured crop, if under the sheller contract, the producer retains control of the acreage on which the peanuts are grown, is at risk of a production loss, and the sheller contract provides for delivery of the peanuts to the sheller, handler and for a stipulated base contract price. A peanut producer who is also a sheller or handler may establish an insurable interest if specified requirements are met.

Revised section 12 to make the statement in the Basic Provisions ineffective that states the replanting payment per acre will be limited to the producers actual cost for replanting, and to specify replanting payments will be calculated using the applicable price election and production guarantee for the crop type that is replanted and insured. A revised acreage report will be required to reflect the replanted type, if applicable. Added example of how replanting payments will be calculated when there is

replanted acreage for both contract and non-contract peanuts.

Revised section 13 to specify representative samples are required in accordance with section 14 of the Basic Provisions.

Amended section 14 by revising subsections (a) and (b) to simplify the claim computation, revised the example, and added another example for computing claims with and without a sheller contract. Revised subsection (c) to provide a limitation on the reduced production to count when quality loss adjustment is applicable based on the price received for damaged peanuts by an insured cause of loss in relation to the applicable price election.

Added a new section 15 to specify prevented planting coverage. Added an example of how prevented planting payments will be calculated when there is prevented planted acreage for both contract and non-contract peanuts.